
English Language Learning

作为外语的英语教学

Parent Meeting 2021

Terminology 专门用语

ELL English Language Learner/Learning 学习英语人士

ELA English Language Assistant 英语助理

First Language 第一语言 The language spoken at home 在家里用的语言

(mother tongue 母语, heritage language 文化语言, home language 家庭语言)

Meet the ELL Team 认识ELL小组

Nicola Kingston - ELL Team Leader 小组负责人

- Marie Cutler - ELL Specialist Teacher 小组老师

- Selina Chan - ELA 英语助理

- Winnie Chong - ELA 英语助理

Variety of Programmes - ELA's 多样化课程 - 由英语助理负责

Winnie - Talk to Learn with selected groups of Year 1 students 与选定的1年
级学生小组交谈 in the learning centre

Up to 4x 30 minute lessons 4x 30分钟的课程

2 terms on programme 2个学期课程

Selina - works with a variety of students 指导不同的学生 Piano room (PAC)

Variety of Programmes 多样化课程

Marie Cutler - Selected **Year 3/4** class groups

1 x hour a week 每周1小时 in the learning centre

Variety of Programmes 多样化课程

Nicola Kingston - Selected Year 2 groups

Year 2 二年级 2x 30 minutes a week 每周2x 30分钟

Selected Year 5 and 6 groups

1 x hour a week 每周1小时

Why is my child on the ESOL Programme

为什么我的孩子需要参加ESOL课程

- Their first language is not English

学生在家里使用英语之外的语言

- Eligible using the English Language Learning Progressions

根据学生学习英语的进展来评估

English Language Learning Progressions 英语学习进程

- English Language Learning Progressions (ELLP) 英语学习进程
- ELLP describe the listening, speaking, reading and writing expectations for students whose first language is not English

ELLP描述了对英语非第一语言学生在听, 说, 读, 写的预期成果

- Students are assessed twice yearly, by the classroom teacher

每年学生由课堂教师进行两次评估

- A score is achieved 所获得的分数

In-class 课堂支援

- Some students stay in class
有些学生留在课堂上
- Discussions with class teacher and ELL team
班主任和ELL小组讨论
- Fluid 不固定的 -
- Focus on staff professional development
著重员工的专业发展

与

How long on the programme? 计划会为学生提供多长时间的支援?

Time on programme 计划支援时间:

- NZ born students - up to 3 years funded

新西兰出生的学生 - 最多3年资助

- Migrant students - up to 5 years funded

移民学生 - 最多5年资助

Part Two

第二部分

Second Language Acquisition

第二语言习得

Learning a second language 学习第二语言

2 parts to language learning 学习语言2部分

1. Social Language 社交语言

- social language/ day to day language 社交语言/日常语言
- playground language 游乐场语言
- 6 months-2 years to develop 发展需时6个月 - 2年

Learning a second language 学习第二语言

2. Curriculum Language 课程语言

Language used in topics such as science, social studies, maths 用于科学, 社会科学, 数学等主题的语言

Includes academic language e.g comparing, describing

Can take 5-7 years to develop 可能需要5 - 7年才能发展

Learning a language can be a long process 学习语言是一个漫长的过程

How can I help my child?

我该如何帮助我的孩子？

- continue to speak your first language at home

继续在家里用第一语言交谈

- first language development and literacy is vital

第一语言发展和识字教学至为重要

First language 第一语言

Research shows that 研究显示:

'the deeper a student's level of first language... development, the faster students will progress in their second language' (i.e English).

'学生的第一语言水平越深.....发展, 他们的第二语言(即英语)进步越快.'

(Thomas and Collier, 1997).

Why we need to talk to our children?

为什么我们需要和孩子交谈？

- One of the best things you can do for your child is talk with them everywhere, every day, any time

您可以为孩子做的最好事情，就是随时随地与他们交谈。

- Every time you talk with your child you are giving them a gift of language

每次与孩子交谈时，您都给了他们一份语言礼物。

Part Three

第三部分

Reading

阅读

Reading With Your Child 与孩子一起阅读

- every day 每天
- vocabulary/sentence structures/talk 词汇/句子结构/谈话
- use your first language strengths 利用你第一语言的长处

Before Reading 阅读前 ...

- A lot of talk from parent and child about the pictures

父母和孩子多谈论书上的图片

- 'picture walk 图片漫步'
- All in first language 全部用第一语言进行
- English when comfortable 适当的时候可用英语进行

Reading in First Language 用第一语言阅读

- Read text in first language 用第一语言阅读文本
- no preparation 不用准备
- use language resources 运用语言资源
- commitment is time 要付出的是时间

Reading in English 用英语阅读

- Read text in English 阅读英文文本
 - Reading with (reading together) 阅读(一起阅读)
 - Reading to (read book to child) 阅读(给孩子读书)
 - Listening to child read 听孩子读

After Reading 阅读后...

- Talk about what the book was about 谈谈书本的内容:
 - What happened when 发生了什么事 ...?
 - Why do you think 你为什么这样认为.....?
 - How did 怎样.....?

Top Tips 重要提示

Read every day - even in the holidays 每天阅读 - 即使在假日

Join and use the library 加入并使用图书馆

Have bilingual material at home 家里放置双语材料

Keep talking in your first language 继续用第一语言交谈

Have playdates with friends of other languages 和操其他语言的朋友一起玩

Join after school activities 参加课后活动

Be patient with your child's learning 对孩子的学习保持耐心

Sleeping is important too! 睡眠也很重要

- sleep plays an important role in your child's ability to function

睡眠对孩子的活动能力起着重要作用

- lack of sleep makes it harder for your child to concentrate

睡眠不足让孩子注意力难以集中

- the right amount of sleep is just as important to children's development as healthy eating and exercise

适量的睡眠与健康饮食和运动对儿童的发展同样重要

- between the ages of five and eleven, your child will need 10 -12 hours of sleep a night 5到11岁的孩子, 每晚需要10-12小时的睡眠时间



Parent Resources 家长资源

Resources found on the 找得到的资源:

[Point View School website](#) 学校网站:

Translated webpage at top 学校网站顶部的翻译网页

Discussion 讨论

*find a group who speak the same language as you and talk about the information from today 找一个和你说同一语言的小组, 谈谈今天你收到的信息

Mandarin 普通话, Cantonese 广东话, Korean, Hindi, Punjabi, Arabic, Russian, Tongan, Afrikaans, Samoan, Hebrew, South East Asian, Portuguese

* enjoy a cup of tea or coffee and something to eat 请享用茶点

Thank you for your attendance

感谢您们出席

We look forward to your continued support.

期待您们继续支持。

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